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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/521,455	01/14/2005	Helmut Goldmann	26569U	8794
20529 THE NATH LA	7590 10/02/200 AW GROUP	EXAMINER		
112 South West	Street	SCHILLINGER, ANN M		
Alexandria, VA 22314			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3774	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/02/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/521,455	GOLDMANN, HELMUT					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	ANN SCHILLINGER	3774					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
	/ IS SET TO EVRIDE 2 MONITH/	S) OD THIDTY (20) DAVE					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>23 Se</u>	eptember 2009.						
	action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar							
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>36-42</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>36-42</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment/c)							
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate					
8) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 8/7/09.  5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) ☐ Other:							

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Objections

Claim 36 is objected to because of the following informalities: it is unclear how the coatings of the vascular prosthesis are intended to be layered as the first coating of the polymer material seals off the textile's pores, and the second coating mentioned is described as leaving the pores open. Appropriate correction is required.

Claims 37-39 are objected to because of the following informalities: it is unclear which coating the claim is referring to. Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 36, 37, and 40-42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being anticipated by Trogolo et al. (U.S. Pat. No. 6,296,863) in view of Ragheb et al. (US Pat. No. 5,873,904). As best interpreted by the examiner, Trogolo et al. discloses the following of claim 36: an antibacterial vascular prosthesis, comprises a porous textile material comprising: a substantially non-absorbable or only slowly absorbable polymer material (10, 18; col. 3, lines 2-4, 15-21) coating and sealing a surface of the textile surface and pore surfaces of the textile material (col. 2, line 63 through col. 3, line 10); a coating comprising an absorbable material (col. 8, lines 31-40) and silver ions (20; col. 3, line 59 through col. 4, line 30); and wherein the substantially non-

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absorbable or only slowly absorbable polymer material further comprises silver atoms of the silver layer impressed into the polymer surface (col. 3, lines 59-65).

Trogolo et al. does not disclose using a closed, pure elemental silver to serve as a layer on the prosthesis. However, Ragheb et al. teaches an implantable medical device that has layers of pure elemental silver in col. 22, lines 36-50 and col. 26, line 65 through col. 27, line 4 for the purpose of utilizing the material's antibacterial properties. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device of Trogolo et al. to have a closed layer of pure elemental silver in order to utilize the material's antibacterial properties.

Regarding the ranges of thickness, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to create a silver layer with the claimed properties, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Aller*, 105 USPQ 233.

Trogolo et al. discloses the following of claim 37: the prosthesis as claimed in claim 36 wherein the coating comprises optionally crosslinked biological material (col. 8, lines 31-33).

Claims 40 and 41 are shown in Figures 3-4.

Trogolo et al. discloses the following of claim 42: the prosthesis as claimed in claim 36, wherein a sintered material is used with the textile material (col. 3, lines 2-4).

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Claims 38 and 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Trogolo et al. in view of Ragheb et al., further in view of Shikani et al. (U. S. Pat. No. 5,762,638).

Regarding claim 38, Trogolo et al., as modified by Ragheb et al., does not disclose using absorbable, synthetic polymers and copolymers on the coating. In the field of medical devices, Shikani et al. teaches in col. 14, lines 8-25, 37-47 that synthetic polymers and co-polymers make excellent coating materials on prosthetic devices because they are not prone to swelling and are non-bioerodible. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to potentially replace Trogolo et al.'s collagen coating with a synthetic polymer as both are known in the art to have properties that are necessary for coatings on prosthetics.

Regarding claim 39, Trogolo et al., as modified by Ragheb et al., does not disclose using active substances in the absorbable coating. Shikani et al. teaches in col. 5, lines 47-62 that it is known in the art to place drugs in the outer coating of a device such that it can be programmed to be released after a certain period of time based on the choice of the outer coating. This will help prevent inflammation and granulation tissue at the sites where these prosthetics are implanted. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use such an outer coating on Trogolo et al.'s prosthesis to prevent inflammation and granulation tissue at the site of implantation.

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 36-42 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to ANN SCHILLINGER whose telephone number is (571)272-

6652. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon. thru Fri. 9 a.m. to 4 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, David Isabella can be reached on (571) 272-4749. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

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information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/A. S./

Examiner, Art Unit 3774

/DAVID ISABELLA/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3774